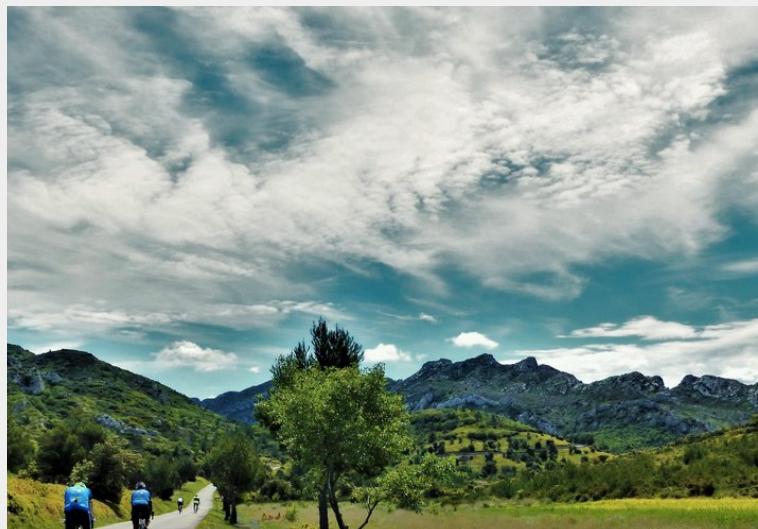


MOURIES - Le tour des Alpilles à vélo, jour 2

Mouriès



En cœur de massif, avec vue sur les Civadières (©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles)

Prenez-en plein la vue, grâce aux paysages variés de cette partie des Alpilles !

Cette deuxième journée vous invite à voguer sur les routes de la partie sud-ouest des Alpilles. Après avoir profité de la quiétude des oliveraies, promenez-vous au coeur du massif et de ses reliefs majestueux, dont les Opies, point culminant des Alpilles. Traversez ensuite la plaine de Roquemartine pour rejoindre le village d'Orgon, aux abords de la Durance et du Petit Luberon.

Useful information

Practice : BIKE

Duration : 4 h

Length : 33.6 km

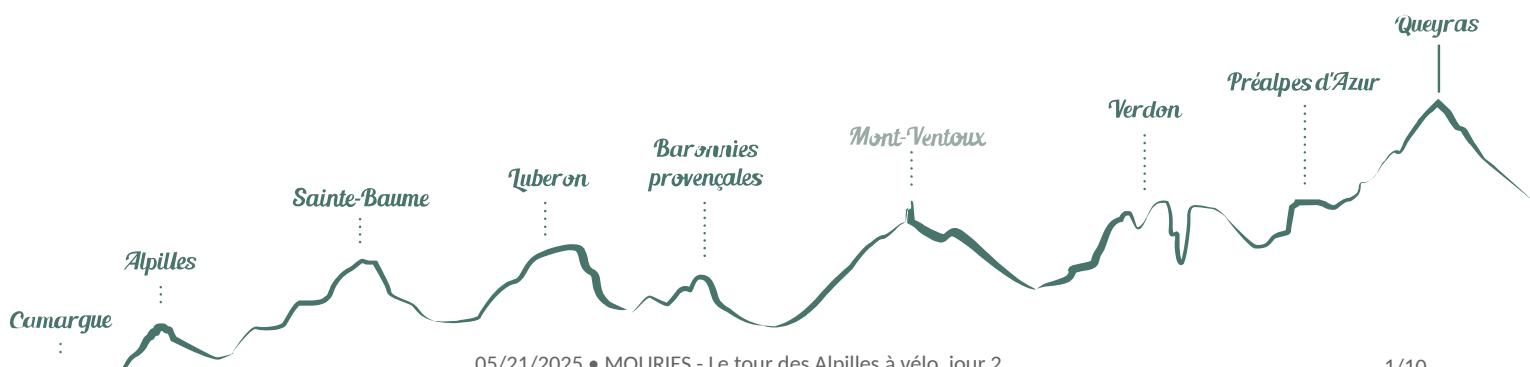
Trek ascent : 400 m

Difficulty : Medium

Type : Itinérance

Themes : A lookout, a viewpoint, Heritage and history

Accessibility : Hybrid bike



Trek

Departure : Bureau d'Information Touristique, Mourèès

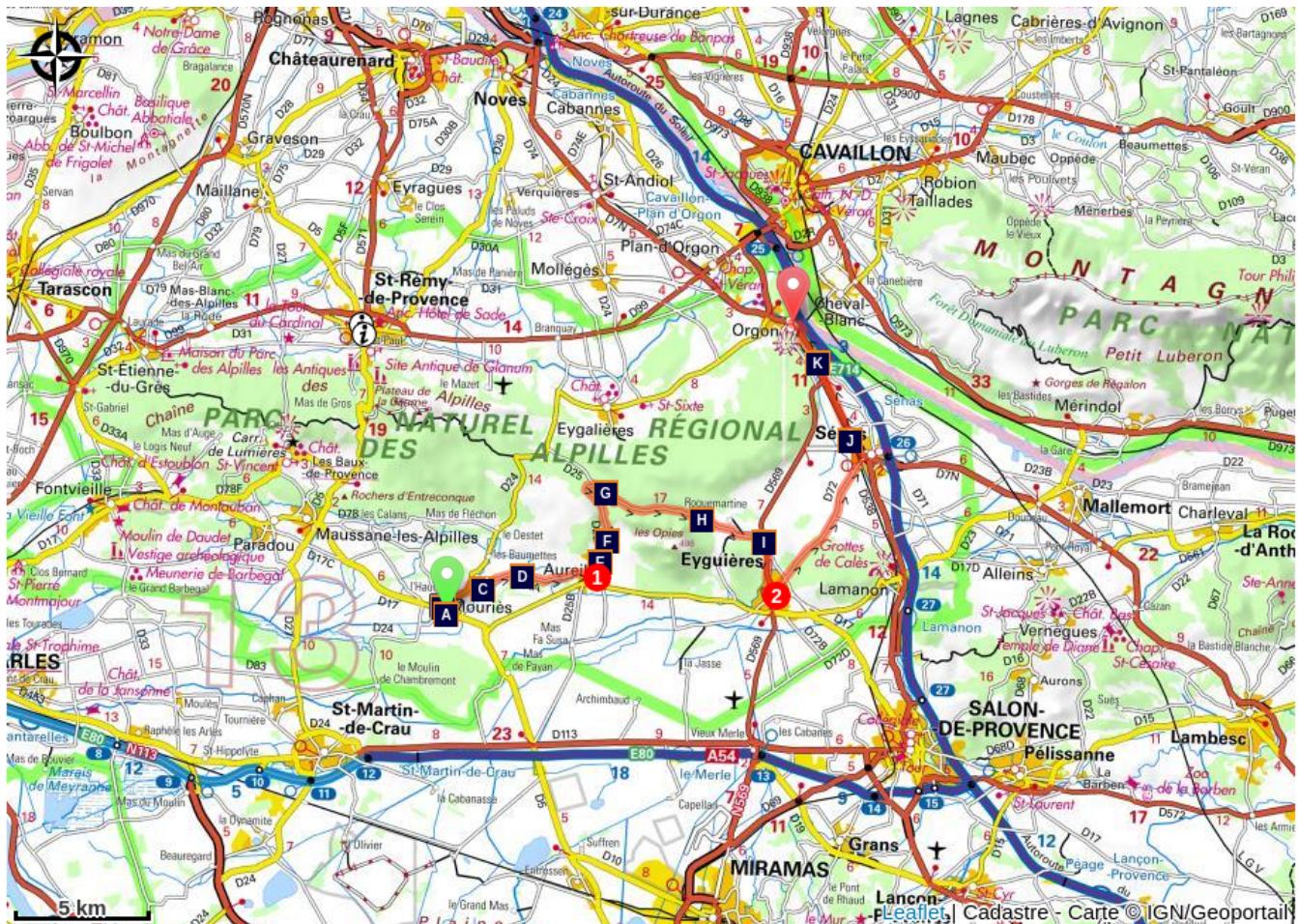
Arrival : Orgon

De la Maison du tourisme, revenir au rond-point et le traverser pour suivre la D24. Après 1,5 km, récupérer à droite la D24a et la suivre jusqu'à Aureille.

1- Emprunter à gauche la D25a. Après 4 km, gravir à droite la D25 et continuer sur 7,5 km. Au carrefour avec la D569, prendre à droite. Au rond-point, poursuivre en face sur 150 m.

2- Tourner à gauche en direction de Sénas et continuer pendant 7 km. Franchir le rond-point direction Sénas. Après 300 mètres, prendre à gauche le chemin de « Donne », juste avant le passage à niveau. Continuer jusqu'à Orgon et son centre-bourg.

On your path...



- The Saint-Jacques-le-Majeur (A)
- The route of the olive groves (C)
- Notre Dame de l'Assomption (E)
- View of the Civadières (G)
- Roquemartine castle (I)
- View on the Notre-Dame de Beauregard Chapel (K)

- St. Roch oratory (B)
- Mosaic plant (D)
- View of Les Civadières and Les Opies (F)
- View on the Roquemartine lowland (H)
- Provençales hedges (J)

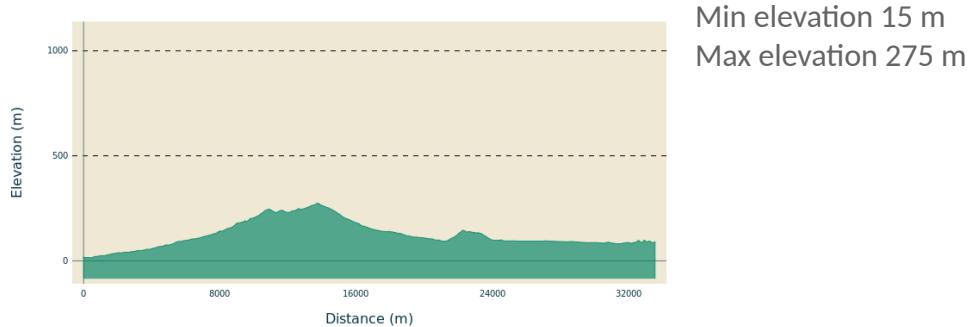
All useful information

⚠️ Advices

L'itinéraire se faisant en 3 jours, penser à réserver un hébergement en fonction de la distance journalière à parcourir. Contacter l'Office de Tourisme Alpilles-en-Provence, Maussane-les-Alpilles, et les Bureaux d'Information Touristique d'Eyggières et Orgon.

Pour votre sécurité, et pour la préservation des massifs forestiers, l'accès aux espaces naturels est règlementé de juin à septembre. Renseignez-vous pendant la période estivale au 08 11 20 13 13 (prix d'un appel local) ou sur www.bouches-du-rhone.pref.gouv.fr Téléchargez gratuitement l'application MYPROVENCE ENVIE DE BALADE (disponible sur Appstore et Android Market).

Altimetric profile



Transports

Chercher les horaires des transports en communs sur le site www.lepilote.com sur la commune de Mourières.

Access

A 22 km au nord-ouest de Salon-de-Provence, par la D17, D17e, puis D17.

Advised parking

Parking Place de l'Europe, Mourières

Information desks

House of the Alpilles Regional Nature Park



2, boulevard Marceau, 13210 Saint-Rémy-de-Provence

contact@parc-alpilles.fr

Tel : +33 (0)4 90 90 44 00

<http://www.parc-alpilles.fr/>

OTI Alpilles-en-Provence

Place Jean Jaurès, 13210 Saint-Rémy-de-Provence

saintremy@alpillesenprovence.com

Tel : +33 (0)4 90 92 05 22

<http://www.alpillesenprovence.com>

On your path...



► The Saint-Jacques-le-Majeur (A)

The church is the place of the Saint-Jacques chapel, they found writings dating from the eleventh century. and has been replaced to accommodate the growing number of parishioners. The building in front of you dates from 1783. He has had several downgrades during the Revolution, but also following the 1909 earthquake that caused the collapse of the bell tower.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



► St. Roch oratory (B)

Topped on a central pillar in stone, this small chapel was built in 1822, against cholera raging in the region. A niche was built, bullet-shaped, covered by a stone flat roof. A marble plaque was added to the building, where one can read "SAINT ROCH PRIEZ FOR US. 1822-1886".

Attribution : ©DR



► The route of the olive groves (C)

On D24a connecting Mourèses to Aureille, you will drive for about 5km on a road punctuated by numerous olive groves. You can then explore all the various activities in relation with the planting of olive trees. These activities range from intensive farming with tight plants and bare soil to organic farming with widely spaced plants and vegetation cover.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



► Mosaic plant (D)

The irregular plant mosaic is the result of clearing work carried out under the LIFE program of the Alpilles. Its objective is to promote the reintegration of species living in the open air environment. The species include small game, such as the wild rabbit and red-legged partridge, that constitutes the main food source for predatory birds of the Alpilles such as Bonelli's eagle and the Egyptian vulture.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



⛪ Notre Dame de l'Assomption (E)

Once you have reached Aureille, I invite you to make a detour in the center of the village to admire the church of Notre Dame de l'Assomption. The construction of this neo-Romanesque church was initiated by the parish priest, named Father Pauleau, who arrived in 1867 at Aureille. The first stone was laid by the Archbishop of Aix, George Chalandon, on 31 March of that year. His plans are the work of the architect Auguste Veran from Arles.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



⌚ View of Les Civadières and Les Opies (F)

Getting out of Aureille, it is possible to contemplate the presence of a set of rocky ridges. They are located southeast of the Alpilles and include Les Civadières and the highest point of the Regional Nature Park: Les Opies 498m high. Some of their rock walls are now the favorite site for many climbing lovers.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



⌚ View of the Civadières (G)

Located in the immediate vicinity of the highest point of the Alpilles, the crests of Civadières, high of 446 m offer a broad panorama on the solid mass of Alpilles, Petit Luberon and Mont Ventoux. They are part of the most ancient geological formations of the Park, dating back from the Jurassic. ;

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



⌚ View on the Roquemartine lowland (H)

This opening of the landscape, which follows a pine forest, reveals the Roquemartine lowland. It is between the eastern end of the Alpilles on the left and Mont Menu and Defens on the right. In the distance, one can also distinguish very clearly the first reliefs of the Petit Luberon. It forms a landscape where each element composes a harmonious whole, of a great serenity.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Roquemartine castle (I)

Also called "Queen Jeanne Castle", it dates from the twelfth century and belonged to the family of Alba. Below is the Church Saint-Sauveur, which was formerly the parish church of Roquemartine village. The castle and the church form an original landscape perched on a spur overlooking the lowland below. At the beginning of the seventeenth century, the castle is abandoned in favor of the New Roquemartine castle, in lowland. This site has been registered with the historical monuments in 1926.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Provençales hedges (J)

Symbols of Provence, many hedges segment the territory and separate the various plots. Composed of cedar or cypress, these hedges have the primary function of protecting the various crops from mistral and frost. These trees are also known for their wood, very solid and fragrant, and have served to build the framework of many farmhouses of the Alpilles.

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View on the Notre-Dame de Beauregard Chapel (K)

Place of Christian pilgrimage today, this promontory is a place of worship probably since the protohistory. Many vestiges of the altars were found on the site. The current chapel was erected in 1878 on the site of a chapel that had become too small to accommodate pilgrims. Many ex-voto testify to a great religious fervor granted to this place. The building below is a former convent built by the Augustinians Déchaussés (17th century).

Attribution : ©Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



- En aucun cas les auteurs des contenus de ce site ne sauraient être tenus pour responsables de problèmes ou d'accidents sur les itinéraires cités.
- Cependant, nous comptons sur vous pour signaler toutes contradictions importantes entre cette fiche et le terrain.
- Pensez également à signaler les éventuels problèmes rencontrés pendant votre balade sur <http://sentinelles.sportsdenature.fr> (erreur de balisage, panneau défectueux, pollution, conflit d'usages...).
- La vente de cette fiche est autorisée au coût d'impression.
- Ne pas jeter dans la nature.

L'outil Geotrek a été financé par l'Union européenne, le Parc national des Ecrins et le Parc national du Mercantour.

Le projet Chemins des Parcs est financé par la Région Provence-Alpes-Côte-d'Azur et les Parcs naturels régionaux des Alpilles, de Camargue, du Luberon, du Queyras et du Verdon.

Ce projet partenarial rassemble également le Comité Régional du Tourisme, les agences départementales de développement touristique, les offices de tourisme et les syndicats d'initiative.

- The authors of this website will in no case be held responsible for problems or accidents on the routes mentioned.
- We count on you to point out any inconsistency between this content and the field itineraries
- Please report any problems encountered on the routes (route marking problems, defective panels, pollution, conflict of uses ...) on <http://sentinelles.sportsdenature.fr>
- The sale of this sheet is authorized at the cost of printing
- Please don't litter

The Geotrek tool was funded by the European Union, the Ecrins National Park and the Mercantour National Park.

The Chemins des Parcs project is funded by the Provence-Alpes-Côte-d'Azur Region and the regional nature parks of Alpilles, Camargue, Luberon, Queyras and the Verdon.

This project was developed in partnership with the Regional Tourism Committee, the departmental tourist development agencies, and tourist offices.

www.cheminsdesparcs.fr

*Tours et détours dans les Parcs naturels régionaux
de Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur*

Avec le soutien de

