

The Alpilles Roquemartine by Bike: The Integral

Mouriès



Devant le Calan de Rousset (Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles)

Cross from end to end the eastern half of the Alpilles. A territory that is full of remarkable elements to discover!

Live the Alpilles as you never did! With a massive character pronounced at the whim of its valleys and rocky ridges, vineyards and olive groves that invite you to stroll along small bucolic roads, and picturesque villages that contain a rich heritage, every turn of the wheel becomes a pleasant discovery.

Useful information

Practice : BIKE

Duration : 6 h

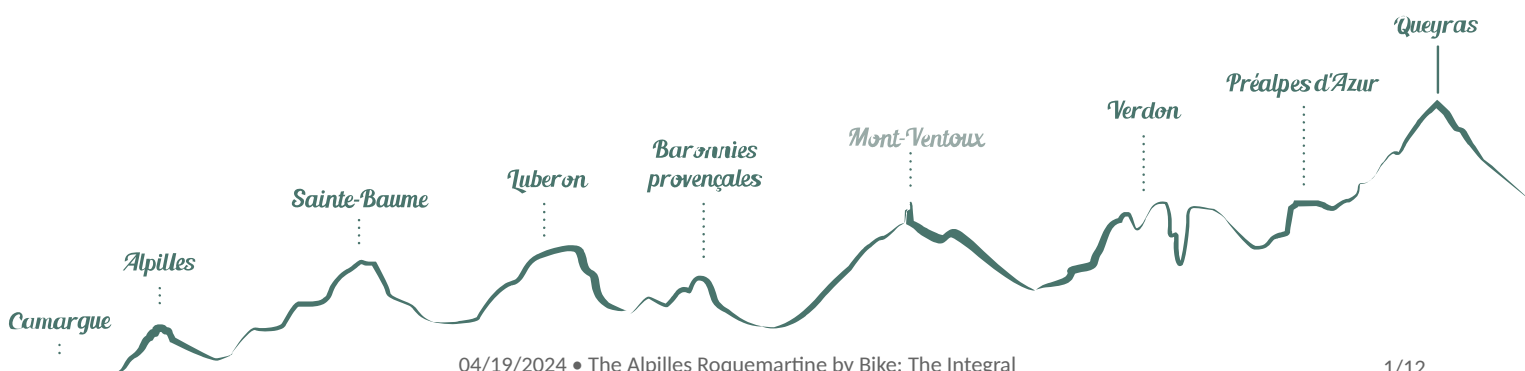
Length : 64.3 km

Trek ascent : 690 m

Difficulty : Difficult

Type : Boucle

Themes : A lookout, a viewpoint, Heritage and history, Local products



Trek

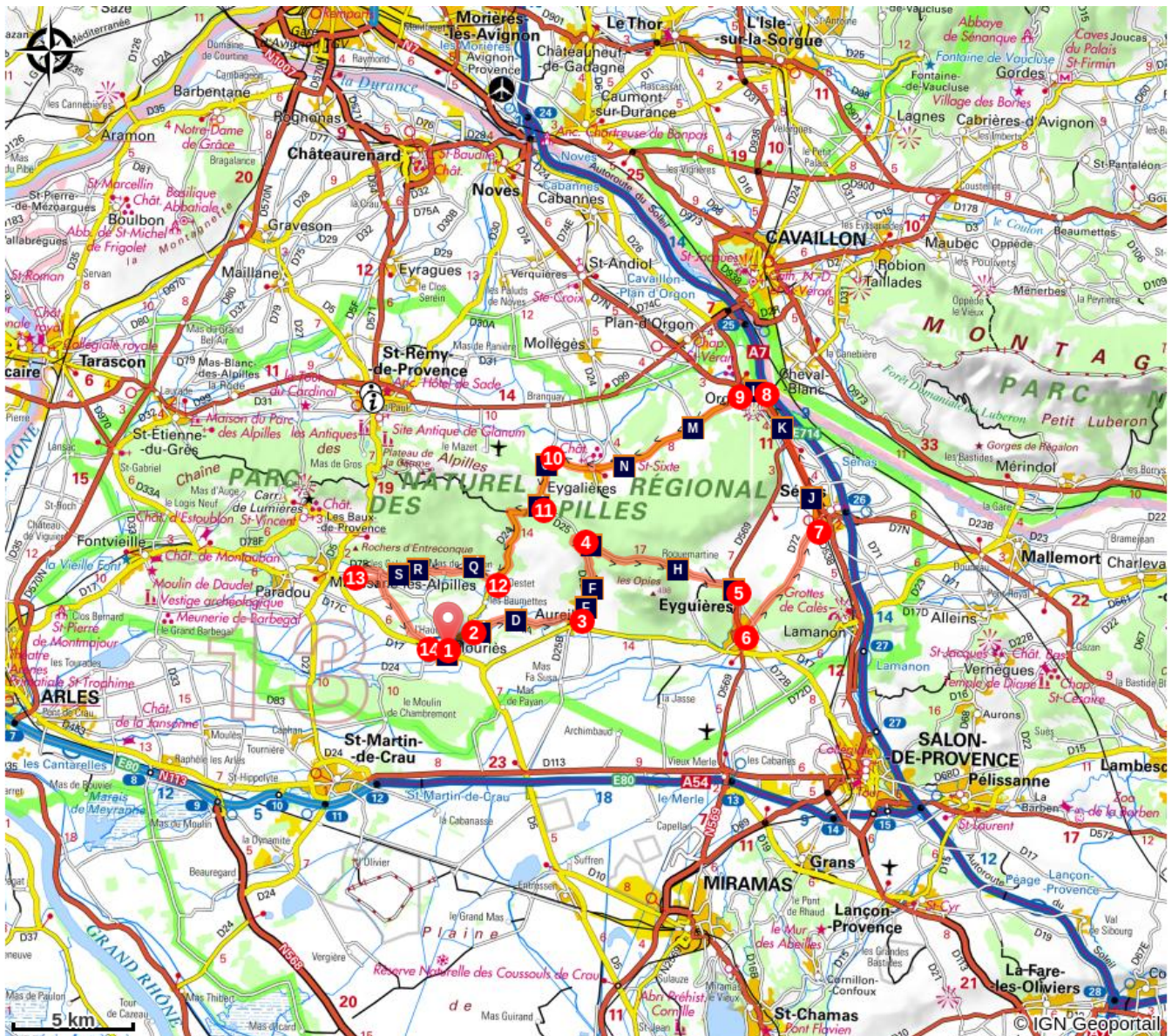
Departure : Tourism office, Mouriès




















Arrival : Mouriès

Back to the car park, take the D24 on the right for 225 m. At the crossroads, turn right on the Avenue Pasteur. Go to the church and then back to the starting parking for the hike.

- 1- At the roundabout take the D24 opposite the intersection with the D24a towards Aureille.
- 2- ON the right retrieve the D24a, walk by olive groves for 5 km, until Aureille.
- 3- Take the road on the left, direction Eygalières. Continue to the pass called "Pas de la Figuière". Join the intersection with the D25.
- 4- Go right up the D25 in direction of Eyguières. Continue for 7.5 km and join the junction with the D569.
- 5- (Caution, traffic!) Turn right on the D569, always towards Eyguières. At the roundabout, continue straight for 150 m.
- 6- Turn left in the direction of Sénas. Continue for 7 km.
- 7- cross the roundabout of the entrance of the city. 300 meters later, turn left on the path of "Donne", just before the level crossing. Continue to Orgon.
- 8- Go through Orgon via rue de la Fontaine and Edmond Coste Street. Continue through the rise of Paradise and Jean Moulin Avenue to the intersection with the D24b, after the sports complex.
- 9- At the intersection after the sports complex, take the D24b on the left and continue until Eygalières for about 7 km. Cross the village and continue on the D24b for 2 km.
- 10- Turn left on the D24, towards Mouriès. Continue for 2 km.
- 11- Take the D24 on the right, towards Mouriès. Continue for 6 km to the place called "Destet".
- 12- Turn right on the D78 towards Maussane-les-Alpilles.
- 13- At the junction with the D5, turn left towards Mouriès. Continue on this road until the intersection with the D17.
- 14- Turn left on Alphonse Daudet road, before the D17, then continue until you reach the roundabout of the departure.

On your path...



-  The Saint-Jacques-le-Majeur (A)
-  The route of the olive groves (C)
-  Notre Dame de l'Assomption (E)
-  View of the Civadières (G)
-  Roquemartine castle (I)
-  View on the Notre-Dame de Beaugerard Chapel (K)
-  Jean Moulin Road, Freedom Road (M)
-  View on the Calans (O)
-  Mas de Gourgonnier (Q)
-  The Baux valley canal (S)
-  St. Roch oratory (B)
-  Mosaic plant (D)
-  View of Les Civadières and Les Opies (F)
-  View on the Roquemartine lowland (H)
-  Provençales hedges (J)
-  Medieval Gate Sainte-Anne (L)
-  Saint Sixtus Chapel (N)
-  The Vallongue farmhouse (P)
-  View of the plain of Maussane (R)

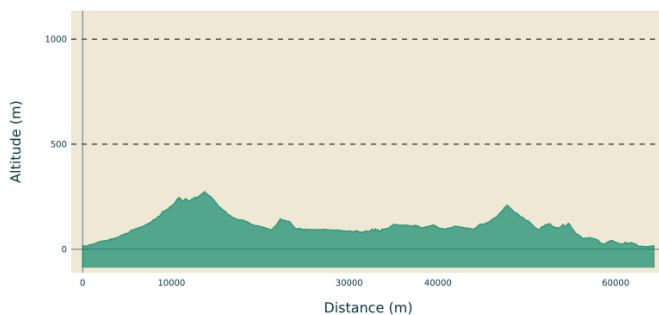
All useful information

Advices

Follow the red and white signs marked "Alpilles Roquemartine" of the Department of Bouches-du-Rhone.

For your safety, and for the preservation of forest areas, access to natural areas is regulated from June to September. Inquire during the summer period on 08 11 20 13 13 (price of a local call) or on www.bouches-du-rhone.pref.gouv.fr Download the application for free MYPROVENCE ENVIE DE BALADE (available on Appstore and Android Market).

Altimetric profile



Min elevation 12 m
Max elevation 275 m

Transports

Look for public transport times on the website www.lepilote.com in the town of Mouriès.

Access

22 km north-west of Salon-de-Provence, by the D17, D17e, then D17.

Advised parking

Parking Place de l'Europe, Mouriès

Source

Bouches-du-Rhône Tourisme

Information desks

House of the Alpilles Regional Nature Park



2, boulevard Marceau, 13210 Saint-Rémy-de-Provence

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<http://www.alpillesenprovence.com>

On your path...



The Saint-Jacques-le-Majeur (A)

The church is the place of the Saint-Jacques chapel, they found writings dating from the eleventh century. and has been replaced to accommodate the growing number of parishioners. The building in front of you dates from 1783. He has had several downgrades during the Revolution, but also following the 1909 earthquake that caused the collapse of the bell tower.

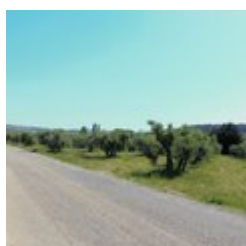
Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



St. Roch oratory (B)

Topped on a central pillar in stone, this small chapel was built in 1822, against cholera raging in the region. A niche was built, bullet-shaped, covered by a stone flat roof. A marble plaque was added to the building, where one can read "SAINT ROCH PRIEZ FOR US. 1822-1886".

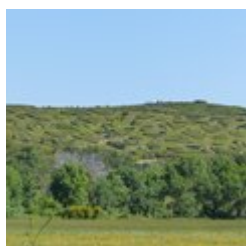
Attribution : DR



The route of the olive groves (C)

On D24a connecting Mouriès to Aureille, you will drive for about 5km on a road punctuated by numerous olive groves. You can then explore all the various activities in relation with the planting of olive trees. These activities range from intensive farming with tight plants and bare soil to organic farming with widely spaced plants and vegetation cover.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Mosaic plant (D)

The irregular plant mosaic is the result of clearing work carried out under the LIFE program of the Alpilles. Its objective is to promote the reintegration of species living in the open air environment. The species include small game, such as the wild rabbit and red-legged partridge, that constitutes the main food source for predatory birds of the Alpilles such as Bonelli's eagle and the Egyptian vulture.

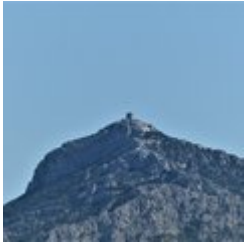
Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Notre Dame de l'Assomption (E)

Once you have reached Aureille, I invite you to make a detour in the center of the village to admire the church of Notre Dame de l'Assomption. The construction of this neo-Romanesque church was initiated by the parish priest, named Father Pauleau, who arrived in 1867 at Aureille. The first stone was laid by the Archbishop of Aix, George Chalandon, on 31 March of that year. His plans are the work of the architect Auguste Veran from Arles.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View of Les Civadières and Les Opies (F)

Getting out of Aureille, it is possible to contemplate the presence of a set of rocky ridges. They are located southeast of the Alpilles and include Les Civadières and the highest point of the Regional Nature Park: Les Opies 498m high. Some of their rock walls are now the favorite site for many climbing lovers.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View of the Civadières (G)

Located in the immediate vicinity of the highest point of the Alpilles, the crests of Civadières, high of 446 m offer a broad panorama on the solid mass of Alpilles, Petit Luberon and Mont Ventoux. They are part of the most ancient geological formations of the Park, dating back from the Jurassic. ;

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View on the Roquemartine lowland (H)

This opening of the landscape, which follows a pine forest, reveals the Roquemartine lowland. It is between the eastern end of the Alpilles on the left and Mont Menu and Defens on the right. In the distance, one can also distinguish very clearly the first reliefs of the Petit Luberon. It forms a landscape where each element composes a harmonious whole, of a great serenity.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Roquemartine castle (I)

Also called "Queen Jeanne Castle", it dates from the twelfth century and belonged to the family of Alba. Below is the Church Saint-Sauveur, which was formerly the parish church of Roquemartine village. The castle and the church form an original landscape perched on a spur overlooking the lowland below. At the beginning of the seventeenth century, the castle is abandoned in favor of the New Roquemartine castle, in lowland. This site has been registered with the historical monuments in 1926.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Provençales hedges (J)

Symbols of Provence, many hedges segment the territory and separate the various plots. Composed of cedar or cypress, these hedges have the primary function of protecting the various crops from mistral and frost. These trees are also known for their wood, very solid and fragrant, and have served to build the framework of many farmhouses of the Alpilles.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View on the Notre-Dame de Beauregard Chapel (K)

Place of Christian pilgrimage today, this promontory is a place of worship probably since the protohistory. Many vestiges of the altars were found on the site. The current chapel was erected in 1878 on the site of a chapel that had become too small to accommodate pilgrims. Many ex-voto testify to a great religious fervor granted to this place. The building below is a former convent built by the Augustinians Déchaussés (17th century).

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Medieval Gate Sainte-Anne (L)

West entrance of the second enclosure of Orgon, it is difficult to estimate exactly its age. But we know that it has seen many important personalities since the sixteenth century. Notably, François 1st, who returned from Italy in 1516, stopped a few hours before continuing to Tarascon; Pope Pius VII, who will stay in Orgon and was lodged at the Berne Hotel No. 13 rue Edmond Coste; or Napoleon I, who passed through Orgon to go to Elba island.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Jean Moulin Road, Freedom Road (M)

This road was inaugurated in 1978, nine years after the memorial at Salon-de-Provence which also pays tribute to Jean Moulin. It leaves Saint-Andiol and ends in Salon-de-Provence. Very attached to the Alpilles, where he owned a small country house, Jean Moulin chose this familiar land to be parachuted and to begin his mission of unification of resistance network of the unoccupied France.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



Saint Sixtus Chapel (N)

His name refers to Sixtus II, contemporary of St. Lawrence and pope of early Christian times. The chapel is located on an old place of worship: until the nineteenth century, it housed a pagan stele, which was then used as foot of holy water. The latter reflected a cult dedicated to the water. The first reference that is made regarding the chapel date of 1155. Significant changes were made in the sixteenth century. and seventeenth century, because it served as a lazaretto during the plagues of 1629 and 1720.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View on the Calans (O)

Here, the relief of the Alpilles is similar to limestone rocks forming a natural barrier. The latter limits access to the heart of the massif to small passages like the Pas du Suisse. On the left is the famous Calan de Rousset, isolated from the rest of the massif and 275 meters high.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



The Vallongue farmhouse (P)

Located at the southeast end of the Alpilles ridges, the Vallongue domain has 38 hectares on which is produced wines and olive oils. These vineyards were the first to turn to organic farming, as of 1985! Reds, whites and rosés benefitted from Les Baux de Provence Appellation d'Origine Protégée (AOP) label and Alpilles of Vallongue Indicateur Géographique Protégé (IGP) label, proof a real know-how.

Attribution : Jason Gaydier - PNR Alpilles



Mas de Gourgonnier (Q)

Built in the mid-18th century, the mas was a farmhouse belonging to the abbey of Pierredon. It was in 1950 that the first vines were planted. As he became rapidly aware of benefiting excellent weather conditions, he turned to organic farming in 1975 by joining Nature et Progrès, then by receiving certification from Ecocert. At present, there are 45ha of vineyards and 20ha of olive groves.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



View of the plain of Maussane (R)

Before starting the descent and leaving the Alpilles Massif, you will face an open landscape framed by two bas-reliefs, Gypières on your right, and Castellas on your left. At the heart of this picture, you can distinguish the village of Maussane-les-Alpilles, its wet plain and, weather permitting, the surrounding area of Fontvieille.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



The Baux valley canal (S)

This canal, measuring 53km long, was subject to a long process of reflection and design. Designed in 1792, the project will be launched over a century later, in 1914. In a landscape of steppe, it was important to develop human presence and the economy as a hydraulic network irrigates the territory to help the crops survive. This canal supplies all to itself the southern part of the Alpilles.

Attribution : Rémi Sérange - PNR Alpilles



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Ce projet partenarial rassemble également le Comité Régional du Tourisme, les agences départementales de développement touristique, les offices de tourisme et les syndicats d'initiative.

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