

Col Lacroix

Abriès-Ristolas



Ristolas (Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras)



This hike, by the lower mountain pass for Italy, walks you through a forest with trees of over 500 years and views on the top of the Guil and Val Pellice.

An important crossing and privileged exchanges with the Val Pellice. Discover the ruins of the refuge of Napoleon III, indicative of the importance of existing cross-border relations through this pass. You will go through an old forest where you will see remarkable trees of over 500 years.

Useful information

Practice : WALKING

Duration : 4 h

Length : 8.3 km

Trek ascent : 625 m

Difficulty : Medium

Type : Boucle

Themes : Heritage and history



Trek

Departure : La Monta

Arrival : La monta

Markings :  GR®

From the car park, go up the road for about 100m and turn left onto a track. Climb for 400m and take the path on the right.




1 - Cross a river, enter the forest and get on the winding path. The path continues on the right and overlooks the stream of Combe Morelle. Follow on level a trail a bit airy. Continue in the valley and in turns, leave behind a sheep pen and the Napoleon refuge on the left. Continue until Col Lacroix Start the descent on the same path used to ascend.



2 - After 50m, take the left path. Cross the stream and follow the valley. Enter the larch forest and after a short delicate passage, follow the same path on the left. Continue downhill through the forest to reach Echalp.

3 - Descend the road and reach the car park from the starting point.

On your path...

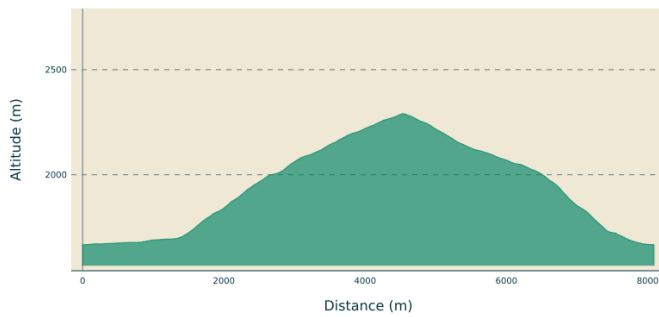


-  The Larch (A)
-  The Upper Guil (C)
-  La Monta hamlet (E)

-  Napoleon refuge (B)
-  Eurasian blue tit (D)

All useful information

Altimetric profile



Min elevation 1667 m
Max elevation 2291 m

Transports

05 Voyageur: 04 92 502 505 Tourist Office of Queyras: 04 92 46 76 18

Access

Follow the D947 to La Monta.

Advised parking

La Monta

Information desks

House of the Queyras Regional Nature Park



3580 Route de l'Izoard, 05350 Arvieux

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On your path...



The Larch (A)

Originally from the Alps and the Carpathians, the larch is the only conifer to lose its needles in winter and to bear this red colour in the fall. By falling, the needles enrich the soil and encourage the arrival of new species. With its powerful roots and flexibility of its branches and trunk, it settles in the deforested areas without fearing avalanches. The Praroussin forest embraces many individuals over 500 years old.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



Napoleon refuge (B)

In his will, Napoleon I left half of his estate in Alsace, Bourgogne, Ile de France, Champagne, Forez and Dauphiné, in restitution for the invasions suffered. 34 years later, Napoleon III has a committee interpret the will of his uncle which distributes the funds. 26 departments including the Hautes-Alpes are granted the sum of 50,000 francs. This sum was initially intended to help the deaf and blind of the department but few requests were made. The money is eventually used to build six shelters on the main passes of the department.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



The Upper Guil (C)

View on the upper valley of the Guil from the slope.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



Eurasian blue tit (D)

Hanging on top of a tree or a twig, the Eurasian blue tit eats small insects, larvae, caterpillars, spiders and invertebrates. Once the branch is cleaned, the Eurasian blue tit moves on to the next one. Occasionally, it can eat fruits and seeds. The female nests in holes of trees or walls. It broods 7 to 13 eggs for 15 days while the male feeds. The chicks will be entirely dependent on their parents their first month of life.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



La Monta hamlet (E)

The name of this hamlet stems from the fact that it is the starting point of the climb to the Col de la Croix. Formerly populated and active, the hamlet suffered multiple damages throughout history. Various avalanches that devastated the place, the one in 1885 being the most damaging, destroying 12 houses. In 1944, it was German troops that set the town on fire. The flood of 1957 left only two buildings that still exist today: the cottage and the Saint Laurent chapel.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



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Ce projet partenarial rassemble également le Comité Régional du Tourisme, les agences départementales de développement touristique, les offices de tourisme et les syndicats d'initiative.

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www.cheminsdesparcs.fr

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