

Furfande on mountain bike

Arvieux



Cabanne du Plan du Vallon (Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras)



Landscapes and varied atmospheres for technical mountain biking.

Very nice tour in a loop with a long ascent on a forest track and a long technical descent which starts from the alpine meadows to finish in undergrowth.

Useful information

Practice : MOUNTAIN BIKE

Duration : 4 h 30

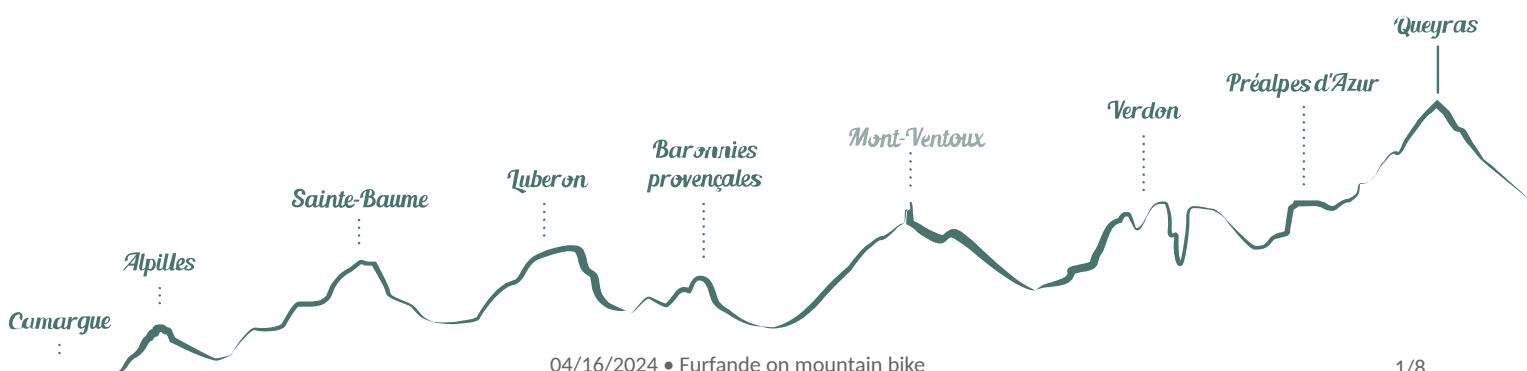
Length : 21.7 km

Trek ascent : 1187 m

Difficulty : Difficult

Type : Boucle

Themes : A lookout, a viewpoint, Heritage and history



Trek

Departure : Arvieux

Arrival : Arvieux

Markings :  GR®  GRP®  PR

Exit the parking lot, turn left and quickly to the right at a fountain. Cross the bridge, turn left and then right before the second bridge.

1 - Ride up the stream of the Champ la Maison on a good forest track. Continue on the main track to the Col de Furfande.

2 - Pass the collar and go down by a smooth single track which connects to the refuge de Furfande. At the refuge, take the left trail, easy to ride but a little rocky until the Col de la Lauze.

3 - After the mountain pass, turn left on a more technical trail with a few aerial parts and steps. Beware of the cow pens, they may exit from a corner and not be seen until the last minute. Keep on the left and reach the chalets of Queyron. Go between the chalets and reach a track.

4 - Turn right and follow the trail that leads to a picnic area.

5 - At the sign Clôt la Chalp, turn left towards Arvieux. Cross an enclosed plot and enter the forest. Take a smooth path mostly descending
6 - When you reach the forest track, turn left and follow the direction of Fontouse. Leave the track a little after the stream of Fontouse and take the path on the right. Continue until a bridge, cross it and turn right to find Arvieux.

On your path...




 Linaria alpina (A)

 Furfande mountain chalets (C)

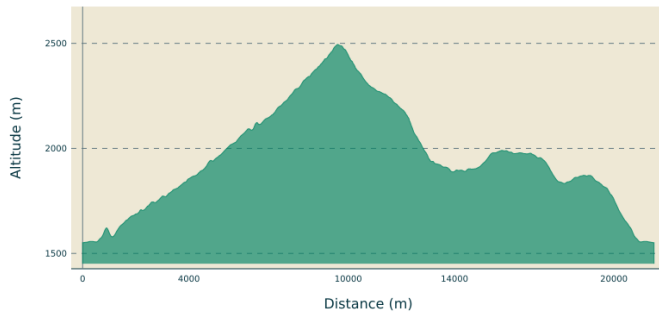
 The larch forest (E)

 View from the Col de Furfande (mountain pass) (B)

 Arion ater (D)

All useful information

Altimetric profile



Min elevation 1551 m
Max elevation 2495 m

Transports

05 Voyageur: 04 92 502 505 Tourist Office of Queyras : 04 92 46 76 18

Access

Take the D902 to Arvieux. Park at the car park of the Tourist Office.

Advised parking

Car park of the Tourist Office

Information desks

House of the Queyras Regional Nature Park



3580 Route de l'Izoard, 05350 Arvieux

pnrq@pnr-queyras.fr

Tel : +33 (0)4 92 46 88 20

<http://www.pnr-queyras.fr/>

OTI du Guillestrois et du Queyras

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Tel : +33 (0)4 92 46 76 18

<http://www.guillestroisqueyras.com>

On your path...



Linaria alpina (A)

Also known as alpine toadflax, the *Linaria alpina* likes hostile and poor environments. It is found in high mountain screes or gravel pits. It is perennial and blooms from June to September.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



View from the Col de Furfande (mountain pass) (B)

View from the Col de Furfande on the Arvioux valley. In the back we see the mountain passes of Izoard, Arpelin and Lasseron. On the right, the peak of Côte Belle hides in the clouds. In the foreground, to the right, the Crête de la Plate plays hide and seek.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



Furfande mountain chalets (C)

The first written proof of use of these pastures dates back to the 15th century. At the time, the place was a dependency of the Boscodon abbey. Residents of Escoyères stored their hay and brought them down on the backs of mules. In 1628, the well developed village of Arvioux sought lands to expand its production. The pasture is bought and residents of both villages share the summer pastures. The cottages have a ground floor in stone and a wooden first floor without a balcony for drying purposes.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



Arion ater (D)

Also known as the Black Slug, this large slug is present in multiple areas but especially in the mountains. It measures between 10 and 15 cm but can reach 20 cm exceptionally. The different individuals have very different colourations. You can see slugs which are black, red-orange and rarely gray or white ones.

Attribution : B. Musella - Parc naturel régional du Queyras



The larch forest (E)

The larch forest is a typical habitat of the Southern Alps. It is maintained by regular consumption of undergrowth by sheep. Without this maintenance, it would have slowly and permanently been replaced by pines. This tree is periodically attacked by a butterfly: the larch budmoth. Every 6 years, it transforms green landscapes in autumnal sceneries. Rest assured, after consumption of the bases of the needles, the larches recover their soft colours, this year or the next.

Attribution : Benjamin Musella - PNR Queyras



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L'outil Geotrek a été financé par l'Union européenne, le Parc national des Ecrins et le Parc national du Mercantour.

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Ce projet partenarial rassemble également le Comité Régional du Tourisme, les agences départementales de développement touristique, les offices de tourisme et les syndicats d'initiative.

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www.cheminsdesparcs.fr

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